

Sustainable Management

Criteria are standards or measures used to evaluate success and sustainability. Criteria help to determine what is most appropriate for the present and the future.

Policy means a statement or outline of objectives/ aims in the sustainable management.

Management Strategy means the methods and strategies actually used to achieve sustainable management.

Evaluate / assess means to express an opinion, support it with evidence and measure the extent to which sustainable management is achieved. You need to apply the sustainable management criteria and use measurements that enable you to argue a conclusion that supports your opinion about the successfulness of the management resolution.

Evaluation words are: what are the strengths and weaknesses, beneficial / detrimental,
How and why: - scale, distribution, movement, numbers, time frame (short term, medium term, long term), permanent, temporary, flow on effects/ consequences and ranking.

FEATPSS means the criteria for assessing management. See the following table.

Criteria For Developing A Policy	Policy aims and objectives	Management strategies
<p>Flexibility Strengths - Policy is flexible enough to be adapted as new ideas/ technology becomes available, allows for expansion.</p> <p>Environmentally supportive Short term / long term BLAAH</p> <p>Affordability in short, m & long terms Strengths -Scale of development, extension of existing development, costs are realistic, income generation.</p> <p>Time-scale Strengths -Policy provides a reasonable time frame, be it a short /or a long-term solution. What is the demand, can some aspects commence immediately, overall completion time.</p> <p>Politically Cohesive Strengths: All levels of management, government, cooperative, supportive, consistent.</p> <p>Socially Acceptable Strengths -Policy fair equitable to all groups. Is the policy inclusive of all groups, approved by all groups? ↓</p> <p>Sustainability Strengths – why will management be effective continuously and why will people want it? Provides a sustainable future to meet present needs without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their needs.</p>	<p>General paragraph statement about aims, goals objectives you wish to address arising out of aspects of the resource that need to be managed.</p> <p>After your initial statement you can dot point some specific aims.</p>	<p>Management Authority</p> <p>Stewardship</p> <p>Land use Zones</p> <p>Conservation</p> <p>Substitution</p> <p>Quotas</p> <p>Standards</p> <p>Licences to operate</p> <p>Monitoring</p> <p>Regulations</p> <p>Enforcement</p> <p>Pricing</p> <p>Incentives</p> <p>Disincentives</p> <p>Constructions</p>

Policy

Aspects of management policy.	Evaluation Criteria FEATPSS	Management Strategies	Evaluation of Sustainability of the Management Policy. Relate management strategies to FEATPSS . Describe strengths and weaknesses of the management strategies in achieving the criteria. Explain how, why and to what extent each aspect of the policy is sustainable. Quantify, rank, include rank key, flow on consequences, permanent/ temporary, short term / long term, scale, beneficial / detrimental use Spatial Concepts.
Conclusion about sustainability			Opinion about sustainability. Degree. Main reasons, conclusion measurements (number of high rankings, scale of positive flow-ons, etc.

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